

# —24 Hours In— TEXAS

Point-In-Time Count, January 2017

23,695 People Counted



## 57%

Adults had some barrier to housing. Barriers include physical disability, serious mental illness, HIV/AIDS, substance abuse disorder, and domestic violence.

## Unaccompanied Youth 1,318



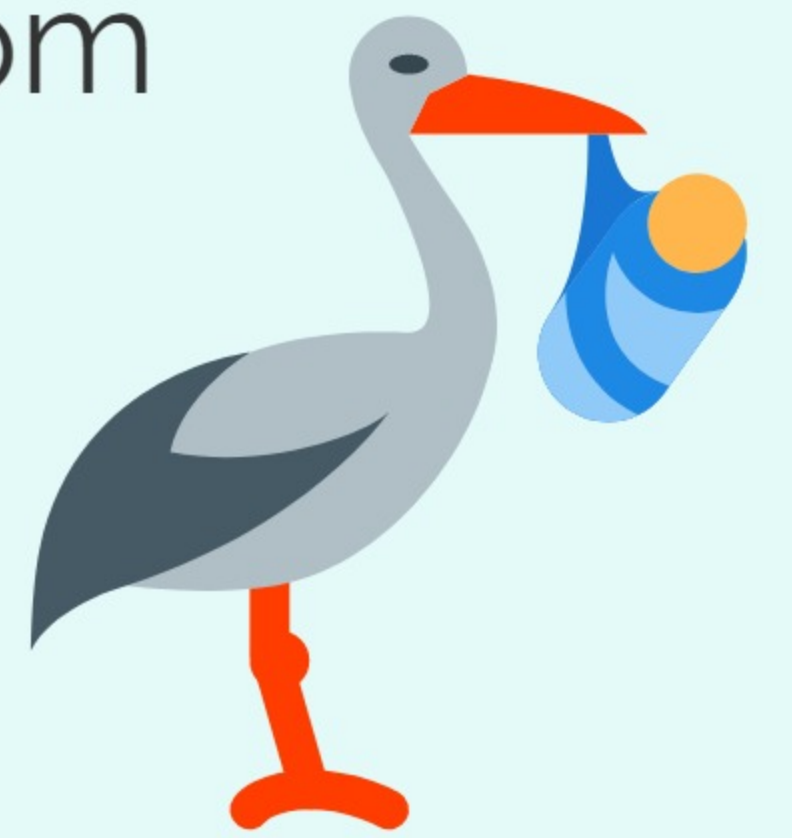
Youth with no parent or guardian present were experiencing homelessness

## 13%

DECREASE in people who are Chronically Homeless since 2015  
(3,765 total CH in 2017)

## 2,170

Households with Children  
Decrease of 6% from 2016



## 3

Cities have effectively\* ended Veteran homelessness since 2015: Austin, Houston, and San Antonio. (2,200 total Veterans in 2017)



\*This means that, while Veterans may continue to find themselves homeless, the homeless response systems have adequate housing inventory for any Veteran experiencing homeless, ensuring that Veteran homelessness is now rare, brief, and nonrepeating